

MAT 0012C
Solutions for ~~8~~ some
Problems
Final Exam Practice

① A) $P = 2L + 2w$ (rectangle)

$$P = 2(13) + 2(8)$$
$$= 26 + 16$$
$$= 42 \text{ feet}$$

B

not square
feet

② A) $\text{Area} = L \cdot w$


$$A = (8)(40)$$
$$= 320 \text{ m}^2$$

C

or 320 square
meters

③ C) $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bh$


$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(24)(14) = 168 \text{ in}^2$$

B

④ B) $V = L \cdot w \cdot H$ cube/box

$$V = (19 \text{ in})(12 \text{ in})(10 \text{ in})$$
$$= 2280 \text{ in}^3 \text{ or } 2280 \text{ cu. in}$$

C

⑤ C) $15 + 7(-3) - (6+4)$

$$15 - 21 - 10$$

$$-31 + 15$$

$$-16$$

D

⑥ C) $-2^2 + (3-19)$

$$-4 + (-16)$$

$$-4 - 16 = -20$$

$$-20$$

D

$$(7) D) (-7+4)^2 - (-4)(5)$$

$$(-3)^2 + 20 \quad D$$
$$9 + 20 = \boxed{29}$$

$$(8) D) -|2-3| = -|-1| = \boxed{-1}$$

A

$$(9) C) |(-3)^2| - 4 = |9| - 4 \quad C$$
$$= 9 - 4 = \boxed{5}$$

$$(10) E) -3^2 - |4-7|$$
$$-9 - |-3| = -9 - 3 = \boxed{-12} \quad B$$

$$(11) B) 3a + 4a - 5 - 6a$$
$$3a + 4a - 6a - 5 \quad D$$
$$\boxed{a-5}$$

$$(12) C) -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{4}x\right) \quad C$$
$$-\frac{1}{6}x - \frac{1}{12}x = -\frac{2}{12}x - \frac{1}{12}x = \boxed{-\frac{3}{12}x} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{4}x}$$

$$(13) C) -2.3(4x + 3.5x)$$

~~$-9.2x$~~

$$-9.2x - 8.05x = \boxed{-17.25x} \quad D$$

$$(14) C) x(x-y) \quad x=5 \quad y=3 \quad C$$
$$5(5-3) = 5(2) = \boxed{10}$$

$$D) 2xy - 3x^2$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} \quad y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - 3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} - 3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = -\frac{2}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = \left(-\frac{5}{4}\right)$$

lcd

$$(16) B) \frac{y^2 - 3xy}{x = -3.2}$$

$$y = 0.2$$

$$(0.2)^2 - 3(-3.2)(0.2)$$

$$0.04 + 1.92$$

$$(1.96)$$

(C)

(17) C) solve for w:

$$10w = -5(w-3)$$

$$10w = -5w + 15$$

$$15w = 15$$

$$(w = 1)$$

(A)

$$(18) B) 4(x+6) = 9x + 13$$

$$4x + 24 = 9x + 13$$

$$24 - 13 = 5x$$

$$11 = 5x$$

$$\left(\frac{11}{5} = x\right)$$

(C)

$$(19) B) \frac{1}{2}(x+4) = -6$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{4}{2} = -6$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x + 2 = -6$$

$$x + 4 = -12$$

$$(x = -16)$$

(C)

mult. by
2
lcd

$$(20) \quad c) \quad \frac{y}{6} + 1 = \frac{4}{3}$$

led
6

$$y + 6 = \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{6}{1} \right)$$

$$y + 6 = 8$$

$$y = 2$$

(C)

$$(21) \quad d) \quad 6.25 = d - 7.50$$

$$6.25 + 7.50 = d$$

$$13.75 = d$$

(D)

$$(22) \quad c) \quad \begin{array}{r} 5.6x + 2 = 4.6x \\ -4.6x \quad \quad -4.6x \end{array}$$

(A)

$$1x + 2 = 0$$

$$x = -2$$

$$(23) \quad c) \quad A = \frac{1}{2}(b+B)h$$

$$A = 20$$

$$b = 2$$

$$B = 3$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(2+3)(20)$$

$$= 5(10) = 50$$

(C)

$$(24) \quad c) \quad BP = A$$

$$(12)(1.75) = P \text{ (new price)}$$

(A)

$$\text{or } 12 + 12(.75) = P$$

$$(25) \quad c) \quad BP = A$$

B = "A" from problem.

$$A = (1.07) = 45$$

or

$$A + A(0.07) = 45$$

(C)

$$(26) \text{ c) } \frac{1}{5}(N) + \frac{1}{2}(N) = \boxed{\frac{N}{5} + \frac{N}{2}} \text{ (C)}$$

$$(27) \text{ D) } -2a(5a^2 - 6) = \boxed{-10a^3 + 12a} \text{ (A)}$$

$$(28) \text{ D) } -8a^3(4a^2 - 5a + 7) \\ \boxed{-32a^5 + 40a^4 - 56a^3} \text{ (B)}$$

$$(29) \text{ c) } 12(3x + 9) \\ \boxed{36x + 108} \text{ (B)}$$

$$(30) \text{ D) } (x-1)(-5x+4) \text{ (FOIL)} \\ -5x^2 + 4x + 5x - 4 \\ \boxed{-5x^2 + 9x - 4} \text{ (D)}$$

$$(31) \text{ c) } \left(2x + \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(4x - \frac{1}{4}\right) \\ = 8x^2 - \frac{1}{4}(2x) + \frac{1}{2}(4x) - \frac{1}{8} \\ = 8x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + 2x - \frac{1}{8} \\ = 8x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{4}{2}x - \frac{1}{8} = \boxed{8x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{8}} \text{ (D)}$$

$$(32) \text{ B) } (x-4)(2.5x + 0.6) \text{ (FOIL)}$$

$$2.5x^2 + 0.6x - 10x - 2.4 \\ \boxed{2.5x^2 - 9.4x - 2.4} \text{ (C)}$$

(32) c) $(3.5x - 1.4)^2$ (FOIL)

$$= (3.5x - 1.4)(3.5x - 1.4)$$

$$= 12.25x^2 - 4.9x - 4.9x + 1.96$$

$$= \boxed{12.25x^2 - 9.8x + 1.96}$$

(33) c) $\left(\frac{2}{3}x^2 - \frac{1}{8}x + \frac{2}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{3}{4}x - \frac{1}{6}\right)$

combine like terms

$$\underbrace{\frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^2}_{\text{lcd } 12} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{8}x - \frac{3}{4}x}_{\text{lcd } 8} + \underbrace{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{6}}_{\text{lcd } 6}$$

$$\frac{8}{12}x^2 + \frac{9}{12}x^2 \quad -\frac{1}{8}x - \frac{6}{8}x \quad \frac{4}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \rightarrow \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{17}{12}x^2 - \frac{7}{8}x + \frac{1}{2}}$$

(34) c) $(5x^7 + 17x^4 - 5) - (-13x^4 + 2x^7 + 7)$

$$5x^7 + 17x^4 - 5 + 13x^4 - 2x^7 - 7$$

$$\boxed{3x^7 + 30x^4 - 12}$$

(35) B) $[(3x^2 + 2x + 7) - (4x^2 + 2x - 3)]$
 $- [(4x^2 + 3x - 6) + (-2x^2 + 3x + 4)]$

watch signs closely

$$3x^2 - 4x^2 - 4x^2 + 2x^2 = -3x^2$$

$$2x - 2x - 3x + 3x = -6x$$

$$7 + 3 + 6 - 4 = 12$$

$$\boxed{-3x^2 - 6x + 12}$$

(A)